1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

1.1 Product identifiers

Product name: Lead(II) oxide

Product Number: 402982
Brand: Sigma-Aldrich
Index-No.: 082-001-00-6

CAS-No.: 1317-36-8

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses: Laboratory chemicals, Manufacture of substances

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: Sigma-Aldrich
3050 Spruce Street
SAINT LOUIS MO 63103
USA

Telephone: +1 800-325-5832
Fax: +1 800-325-5052

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency Phone #: (314) 776-6555

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)
Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 4), H302
Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 4), H332
Carcinogenicity, Oral (Category 2), H351
Reproductive toxicity (Category 1A), H360
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Category 2), H373
Acute aquatic toxicity (Category 1), H400
Chronic aquatic toxicity (Category 1), H410

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statement(s)
H302 + H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled
H351 Suspected of causing cancer if swallowed.
H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement(s)
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P391 Collect spillage.
P405 Store locked up.
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS - none

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS
3.1 Substances

Formula : OPb
Molecular weight : 223.20 g/mol
CAS-No. : 1317-36-8
EC-No. : 215-267-0
Index-No. : 082-001-00-6

Hazardous components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lead monoxide</td>
<td>Acute Tox. 4; Carc. 2; Repr. 1A; STOT RE 2; Aquatic Acute 1; Aquatic Chronic 1; H302 + H332, H351, H360, H373, H410</td>
<td>&lt;= 100 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

No components need to be disclosed according to the applicable regulations.
For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES
4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice
Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area.

If inhaled
If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

In case of skin contact
Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

In case of eye contact
Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

If swallowed
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11
4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
No data available

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media
Suitable extinguishing media
Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
Lead oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters
Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

5.4 Further information
No data available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Use personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust.
For personal protection see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up
Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust. Sweep up and shovel. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections
For disposal see section 13.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling
Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Further processing of solid materials may result in the formation of combustible dusts. The potential for combustible dust formation should be taken into consideration before additional processing occurs.
Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed.
For precautions see section 2.2.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

Keep in a dry place.
Storage class (TRGS 510): Non-combustible, acute toxic Cat.3 / toxic hazardous materials or hazardous materials causing chronic effects

7.3 Specific end use(s)
Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lead monoxide</td>
<td>1317-36-8</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.05 mg/m³</td>
<td>USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Remarks</td>
<td>Central Nervous System impairment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Hematologic effects</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Peripheral Nervous System impairment
- Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices (see BEI® section)
- Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TWA</th>
<th>USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.050000 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Central Nervous System impairment
- Hematologic effects
- Peripheral Nervous System impairment
- Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices (see BEI® section)
- Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TWA</th>
<th>USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.050000 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See Appendix C

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PEL</th>
<th>OSHA Specifically Regulated Chemicals/Carcinogens</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.050000 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1910.1025
- If an employee is exposed to lead for more than 8 hours in any workday, the permissible exposure limit, as a time weighted average (TWA) for that day, shall be reduced according to the following formula: Maximum permissible limit (in µg/m³) = 400/hours worked in the day
- This section applies to all occupational exposure to lead, except as provided in paragraph (a)(2). It does not apply to the construction industry or to agricultural operations covered by 29 CFR part 1928. OSHA specifically regulated carcinogen

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PEL</th>
<th>OSHA Specifically Regulated Chemicals/Carcinogens</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.050000 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8.2 Exposure controls

**Appropriate engineering controls**
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

**Personal protective equipment**

**Eye/face protection**
- Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166 Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

**Skin protection**
- Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

- Full contact
- Material: Nitrile rubber
- Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm
- Break through time: 480 min
Material tested: Dermatril® (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

Splash contact
Material: Nitrile rubber
Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm
Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Dermatril® (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the CE approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

**Body Protection**
Complete suit protecting against chemicals. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

**Respiratory protection**
Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face particle respirator type N100 (US) or type P3 (EN 143) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

**Control of environmental exposure**
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

---

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

- **a)** Appearance
  - Form: powder
  - Colour: light yellow

- **b)** Odour
  - No data available

- **c)** Odour Threshold
  - No data available

- **d)** pH
  - 9.9 at 100 g/l at 20 °C (68 °F)

- **e)** Melting point/freezing point
  - Melting point/range: 886 °C (1,627 °F) - lit.

- **f)** Initial boiling point and boiling range
  - No data available

- **g)** Flash point
  - Not applicable

- **h)** Evaporation rate
  - No data available

- **i)** Flammability (solid, gas)
  - No data available

- **j)** Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits
  - No data available

- **k)** Vapour pressure
  - No data available

- **l)** Vapour density
  - No data available

- **m)** Relative density
  - 9.530 g/cm3

- **n)** Water solubility
  - 0.0702 g/l at 20 °C (68 °F) - OECD Test Guideline 105 - slightly soluble

- **o)** Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
  - No data available

- **p)** Auto-ignition temperature
  - No data available

- **q)** Decomposition
  - No data available
temperature
r) Viscosity No data available
s) Explosive properties No data available
t) Oxidizing properties No data available

9.2 Other safety information
No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity
No data available

10.2 Chemical stability
Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
No data available

10.4 Conditions to avoid
No data available

10.5 Incompatible materials
Hydrogen peroxide, Strong oxidizing agents, acids

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
Other decomposition products - No data available
In the event of fire: see section 5

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity
No data available

Dermal: No data available
No data available

Skin corrosion/irritation
Skin - Rabbit
Result: Mild skin irritation - 24 h

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Eyes - Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation
No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity
Hamster
Embryo
Morphological transformation.

Carcinogenicity
This product is or contains a component that has been reported to be probably carcinogenic based on its IARC, OSHA, ACGIH, NTP, or EPA classification.

Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies (oral)

IARC: 2A - Group 2A: Probably carcinogenic to humans (Lead monoxide)
2A - Group 2A: Probably carcinogenic to humans (Lead monoxide)

NTP: Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogenThe reference note has been added by TD based on the background information of the NTP. (Lead monoxide)
OSHA: OSHA specifically regulated carcinogen (Lead monoxide)

**Reproductive toxicity**
May cause congenital malformation in the fetus.

Known human reproductive toxicant

**Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure**
No data available

**Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure**
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Aspiration hazard**
No data available

**Additional Information**
RTECS: OG1750000

Lead salts have been reported to cross the placenta and to induce embryo- and feto- mortality. They also have teratogenic effect in some animal species. No teratogenic effects have been reported with exposure to organometallic lead compounds. Adverse effects of lead on human reproduction, embryonic and fetal development, and postnatal (e.g., mental) development have been reported. Excessive exposure can affect blood, nervous, and digestive systems. The synthesis of hemoglobin is inhibited and results in anemia. If left untreated, neuromuscular dysfunction, possible paralysis, and encephalopathy can result. Additional symptoms of overexposure include: joint and muscle pain, weakness of the extensor muscles (frequently the hand and wrist), headache, dizziness, abdominal pain, diarrhea, constipation, nausea, vomiting, blue line on the gums, insomnia, and metallic taste. High body levels produce increased cerebrospinal pressure, brain damage, and stupor leading to coma and often death., Anorexia., Vomiting, Convulsions, Nausea, Headache, Weakness, anemia, To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

**Stomach - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence**

**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**12.1 Toxicity**

Toxicity to fish
LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 0.298 mg/l  - 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates
EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 0.132 mg/l  - 48 h

**12.2 Persistence and degradability**
No data available

**12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**
No data available

**12.4 Mobility in soil**
No data available

**12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

**12.6 Other adverse effects**

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**13.1 Waste treatment methods**

**Product**

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber.
Contaminated packaging
Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT (US)
UN number: 2291  Class: 6.1  Packing group: III
Proper shipping name: Lead compounds, soluble, n.o.s. (Lead monoxide)
Reportable Quantity (RQ):
Poison Inhalation Hazard: No

IMDG
UN number: 2291  Class: 6.1  Packing group: III  EMS-No: F-A, S-A
Proper shipping name: LEAD COMPOUND, SOLUBLE, N.O.S. (Lead monoxide)
Marine pollutant: yes

IATA
UN number: 2291  Class: 6.1  Packing group: III
Proper shipping name: Lead compound, soluble, n.o.s. (Lead monoxide)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 302 Components
No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

SARA 313 Components
This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

Massachusetts Right To Know Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Revision Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lead monoxide</td>
<td>1317-36-8</td>
<td>1993-04-24</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Revision Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lead monoxide</td>
<td>1317-36-8</td>
<td>1993-04-24</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

New Jersey Right To Know Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Revision Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lead monoxide</td>
<td>1317-36-8</td>
<td>1993-04-24</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

California Prop. 65 Components

WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Revision Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lead monoxide</td>
<td>1317-36-8</td>
<td>2007-09-28</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acute Tox.</th>
<th>Acute toxicity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic Acute</td>
<td>Acute aquatic toxicity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic Chronic</td>
<td>Chronic aquatic toxicity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carc.</td>
<td>Carcinogenicity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H302</td>
<td>Harmful if swallowed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H302 + H332</td>
<td>Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H332</td>
<td>Harmful if inhaled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H351</td>
<td>Suspected of causing cancer if swallowed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H360</td>
<td>May damage fertility or the unborn child.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H373</td>
<td>May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>